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SUMMARY

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SOVIET UNION

1.	Comment	on	possible	Soviet	bloc	military	appointments:

CIA/FBIS 12 May 55 Recent information suggests that Marshal I.S. Konev and Army General A.I. Antonov, members of the Soviet military delegation

at the current Warsaw conference, will be appointed commander and chief of staff, respectively, of the proposed unified Soviet bloc military command.

The Moscow censor has passed Western news stories alleging that Konev is to be the new commander. At the Elbe veterans' reunion in Moscow on 12 May, Marshal Sokolovsky parried the question, "Is it to be Konev?" by saying "NATO commander Gruenther is going to be pleased with our choice."

Konev and General Gruenther had many official contacts in Austria in 1945, when Konev was chief of Soviet forces in Austria and Gruenther was deputy chief of American forces there.

Antonov's probable appointment is suggested by the fact that on 12 May he addressed a closed session of the conference on problems connected with the establishment of a combined command. Among other assignments, he served as a deputy chief of the Soviet General Staff from 1943 to 1947, and for several months in 1945 he was chief.

	Konev and Antonov are	among several com-
manders of border milita	ry districts in the wes	tern USSR who were
replaced and returned to	Moscow in recent mor	nths. Konev was re-
cently identified as deputy	y minister of defense.	Antonov's present
assignment is not known.		

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3.	Comment o	n redisposi	tion of Soviet naval unit	s:	
	,		The move on 13 May	v of two Sovi	et
			Sverdlov-class light	cruisers a	nd four
	1.		new destroyers from is a redeployment to		
	tively weal	k surface fo	rces of the Northern or		
	14 May 55	CHEEF	NT INTELLIGENCE B	TILL ETTIN	Page 4
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Four light cruisers and 33 destroyertype vessels are presently in the Northern Fleet; two heavy cruisers and 45 destroyer-type vessels are in the Pacific Fleet.

In late March two floating drydocks capable of servicing Sverdlov-class cruisers left the Black Sea, reportedly for Petropavlovsk in the Far East. The move of these docks to the Far East suggests that the cruisers leaving the Baltic may ultimately be assigned to the Pacific Fleet. The immediate destination of the warships, however, is believed to be the Northern Fleet.

FAR EAST

4. New crisis with Rhee over aid anticipated in Jur

Economic Aid Co-ordinator Wood expects "acrimonious controversy" and a major crisis in South Korean-United States relations to develop during economic dis-

cussions planned for June. He reports that President Rhee is counting heavily on this conference and expects it to produce, at a minimum, a fixed hwan-dollar exchange rate for at least one year.

Wood believes that Rhee will insist on fixing the value of the hwan far above its actual value. This would hamper anti-inflation efforts and greatly stimulate the black market and windfall profits.

Comment: Rhee's belief that a permanent exchange rate will cure South Korea's inflation problem--a theory not shared by his own officials--was one of the issues which delayed for four months implementation of this year's \$700,000,000 aid program.

Rhee has already announced publicly that a fixed rate will become effective 1 July. Other reports indicate he plans to demand 90 percent of all American aid allocated to the Far East in fiscal 1956.

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NEAR EAST - AFRICA 7. USSR assigns military attaché to Lebanon and Syria: The American embassy in Beirut reports that, according to the chief of staff of the Lebanese army, the Soviet Union is assigning a military attaché to Lebanonwho will also cover Syria. He will have two assistants stationed in Beirut, with presumably at least the same number in Damascus. Comment: The timing of these assignments, with presumably at least the same number in Damascus. Comment: The timing of these assignments are part of a Soviet program to accredit attachés to non-Orbit countries previously without such representation. During 1954, Soviet service attachés were assigned for the first time to Belgium, Egypt, Greece, India, the Netherlands, Pakislap, and Yugoslavia. 14 May 55 CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN Page 7	•	•					
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leaders:	
top leaders o amental chan Western cour Belgrade as face of Sovie	Yugoslav foreign minister Popovic emphasized on 13 May to the American ambassa dor in Belgrade that the meeting schedule for the end of this month between a Soviet cluding Khrushchev, Bulganin, and Mikoyan and the of the Yugoslav government in no sense implied a fundage in the Yugoslav policy of cordial relations with a victory for the Yugoslav policy of firmness in the threats, which was made possible by the support Yugoslavel from the West.
interference basis of the r cerity of Sov. by Popovic w	Stating that Belgrade's efforts paralleled West, Popovic said that full equality of rights and nonin the internal affairs of the other nation would be the meeting, in which Yugoslavia hoped to probe the siniet intentions. The only item of the agenda revealed as the question of practical matters relating to 'noring relations between Yugoslavia and the USSR.
who proposed ambassadors	Popovic was evasive on the question of d the meeting. The American, British and French are inclined to believe it was the USSR.
is at the leas ity of the Sov	Comment: This dramatic Soviet gesture at intended to impress all Europeans with the sinceriet desire for a reduction of world tension.
might go so f nist parties a grade. Moso results canno neutrality, be	The high level of the Soviet delegation agness to travel to Belgrade suggest that the USSR has of creating much closer ties with Yugoslavia, which far as intimate co-operation between the two Communand a mutual security treaty between Moscow and Belcow probably calculates that even if such far-reaching of be attained, the visit will yield greater Yugoslav oth through a change in Belgrade's foreign policy and eased Western suspicion of Tito.

Molotov's absence from the delegation is probably accounted for by a belief that his presence would irritate the Yugoslavs because of his direct connection with the Soviet break with Tito.

Yugoslav officials have repeatedly stated that Soviet leaders have been seeking Belgrade's return to the Cominform, but they have insisted that the USSR must be disabused of the idea that Yugoslavia will surrender any independence in its foreign policy.

A meeting of the two Communist nations 'at the summit' will probably strengthen Yugoslavia's tendencies toward a neutral position and make Belgrade even more unwilling to expand its military connections with the West. It is doubtful, however, that Tito would be willing to withdraw from the Balkan alliance or break his other Western ties in return for a Soviet security treaty.

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